



## Post-negotiations of Indian tax treaties: Mauritius sizzles as the preferred jurisdiction for investment in India

### Background

10<sup>th</sup> May 2016 was marked by the culmination of negotiations surrounding the India-Mauritius<sup>1</sup> Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement (“DTAA”) when a protocol amending the DTAA was signed by both states. Shortly afterwards, the Indian authorities who have embarked on a crusade to overhaul their international tax treaty regime, wrapped up negotiations with Cyprus on 18<sup>th</sup> November 2016 when a revised India-Cyprus DTAA was signed, followed by the conclusion of a protocol amending the DTAA between India-Singapore on 30<sup>th</sup> December 2016.

Following the signing of the revised India-Cyprus DTAA in November 2016 and the rescission on 14<sup>th</sup> December 2016 of the notification that it previously served to Cyprus in November 2013 for being a non-cooperative jurisdiction for failure to provide information requested under the relevant provisions of the treaty, investor confidence in the use of treaty jurisdictions has been further enhanced.

It will be recalled that in 2005, the India-Singapore DTAA had been amended such that the benefits pertaining to capital gains would be co-terminus with the similar benefits proffered under the India-Mauritius DTAA. It therefore came as no surprise that the India-Singapore DTAA was subsequently revised in 2016.

Mauritius is now poised to regain its supremacy as the jurisdiction of choice for investors seeking to invest in India, as depicted in the table on the next page:

<sup>1</sup> If you missed the ITL newsletter on the India-Mauritius protocol that was signed in May 2016, you may wish to view it by clicking [here](#).

## The advantages of India-Mauritius DTAA over India-Singapore DTAA and India-Cyprus DTAA

Clauses	Particulars	India-Mauritius DTAA	India-Singapore DTAA	India-Cyprus DTAA
<b>Capital Gains</b>	Grandfathering Provision - for shares acquired prior to 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2017  Investments acquired in India before <b>1<sup>st</sup> April 2017</b> will be taxed in the investors' country of residence i.e. Mauritius/ Singapore/Cyprus where there is no capital gains tax.	<b>Yes</b>  No limitation of Benefit (LOB) clause in DTAA	<b>Yes</b>  LOB clause applies (see further below)	<b>Yes</b>  No limitation of Benefit (LOB) clause in DTAA
	Transition Period – Capital gains on shares acquired after 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2017 but disposed between 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2017 and 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2019 will benefit from <b>50% tax reduction</b> on the Indian domestic tax rate subject to the fulfillment of the LOB (see further below)	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No Transition Period</b>
<b>Limitation of Benefits (LOB)</b>	Applicability	<b>No</b>  Except for capital gains arising during Transition period (01.04.17 – 31.03.19)	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No</b>
	Requirements	-Listed on a recognized stock exchange; or -Annual expenditure of INR 2.7m / Mauritian Rupees 1.5m (circa USD 40k)	-Listed on a recognized stock exchange; or - Annual expenditure of INR 5m / SGD 200,000 (circa USD 74k)	<b>N/A</b>
<b>Interest</b>	Indian withholding tax on interest arising on debt claims or loans contracted with Mauritian/Singaporean/Cyprus banks	<b>Exempt up to 31.03.2017</b>  <b>7.5% thereafter</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>10%</b>
	Indian withholding tax on other interest arising in India and payable to Mauritian/ Singaporean/ Cyprus residents	<b>7.5%</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>10%</b>

<b>Royalty</b>	Indian withholding tax rate on royalties arising in India and paid to Mauritian/ Singaporean/ Cyprus residents	<b>15%</b>  (since domestic law has a rate of 10%, this can prevail)	<b>10%</b>	<b>10%</b>
<b>Fees for technical services</b>	Indian withholding tax rate on fees for technical services arising in India and paid to Mauritian/ Singaporean/ Cyprus residents	<b>10%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>10%</b>
<b>Applicability of the DTAA v/s Domestic laws (e.g. GAAR)</b>	Prevalence of domestic laws over DTAA	<b>No</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No</b>
<b>PE:</b>  - A Building site/ construction, installation/assembly projects or supervisory activities in connection therewith  - Services including consultancy services by employees or other personnel	Duration for which the activities are carried out in India to constitute PE in India	<b>&gt;9 months</b>  <b>&gt;90 days within any 12 months period</b>	<b>&gt;183 days</b>  <b>&gt;90 days in any fiscal year</b>  <b>&gt;30 days in any fiscal year (when services are performed for related enterprise)</b>	<b>&gt;6 months</b>  <b>&gt;90 days within any 12 months period</b>

### Concluding Remarks

The revised DTAA with Cyprus coupled with the rescission of the November 2013 notification and the latest protocol with Singapore have certainly appeased investors' qualms about using the Mauritius platform as the stage is now set for the latter to once again become the preferred jurisdiction for investment into India, especially through debt/interest-earning instruments.

The absence of a Transition Period in the revised Cyprus treaty alongside less favorable interest withholding tax rates in both the Cyprus and Singapore treaties are anticipated to curb investors' appetite for routing investment into India through these jurisdictions.

One of the most significant investor fears following the ratification of the latest India-Singapore Protocol by adding Article 28A which states that "*the DTAA shall not prevent a Contracting state from applying its domestic law and measures concerning the prevention of tax avoidance or tax evasion*", is that this could be interpreted in a manner such that the beneficial provisions in the India- Singapore DTAA can be overridden by domestic laws of India including the GAAR. Inevitably, these will be ruffling a few feathers amongst the investor community and create uncertainties around the India- Singapore DTAA.

Investors are therefore strongly recommended to seek expert advice on their existing structures as well as their forthcoming investment projects in India to carefully assess the jurisdiction that will cater for their business needs and be more beneficial to them.

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For more information, please see [www.almlegal.com](http://www.almlegal.com) or send an e-mail to the attention of Mr. Aliff Fazalbhoy ([afazalbhoy@almlegal.com](mailto:afazalbhoy@almlegal.com)).

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